

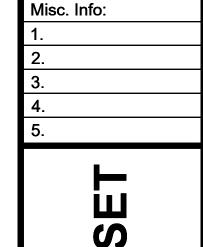
-REPLACE AND REPAIR ANY STRUCTURAL MEMBERS AS

REQUIRED PER STRUCTURAL ATTACHMENTS

PROPOSED DECK REPAIR / GARAGE DOOR REPLACEMENT

<u>\arg</u>

02- 2023 DATE: SLS DESIGNED: DRAWN: 2021- 17 JOB NO: SHEET:



PERMIT SI

DESIGN SOLUTIONS

Shawn Sullivan

402 242ND PLACE SW
MOUNTLAKE TERRACE, WA 98043
425-870-0383

Kesidence

SES / MINOR ALTERATIONS

AST MERCER WAY

Wai Residon Deck upgrades / MINOR 7235 EAST MERCE

OSED R AND LIPPER

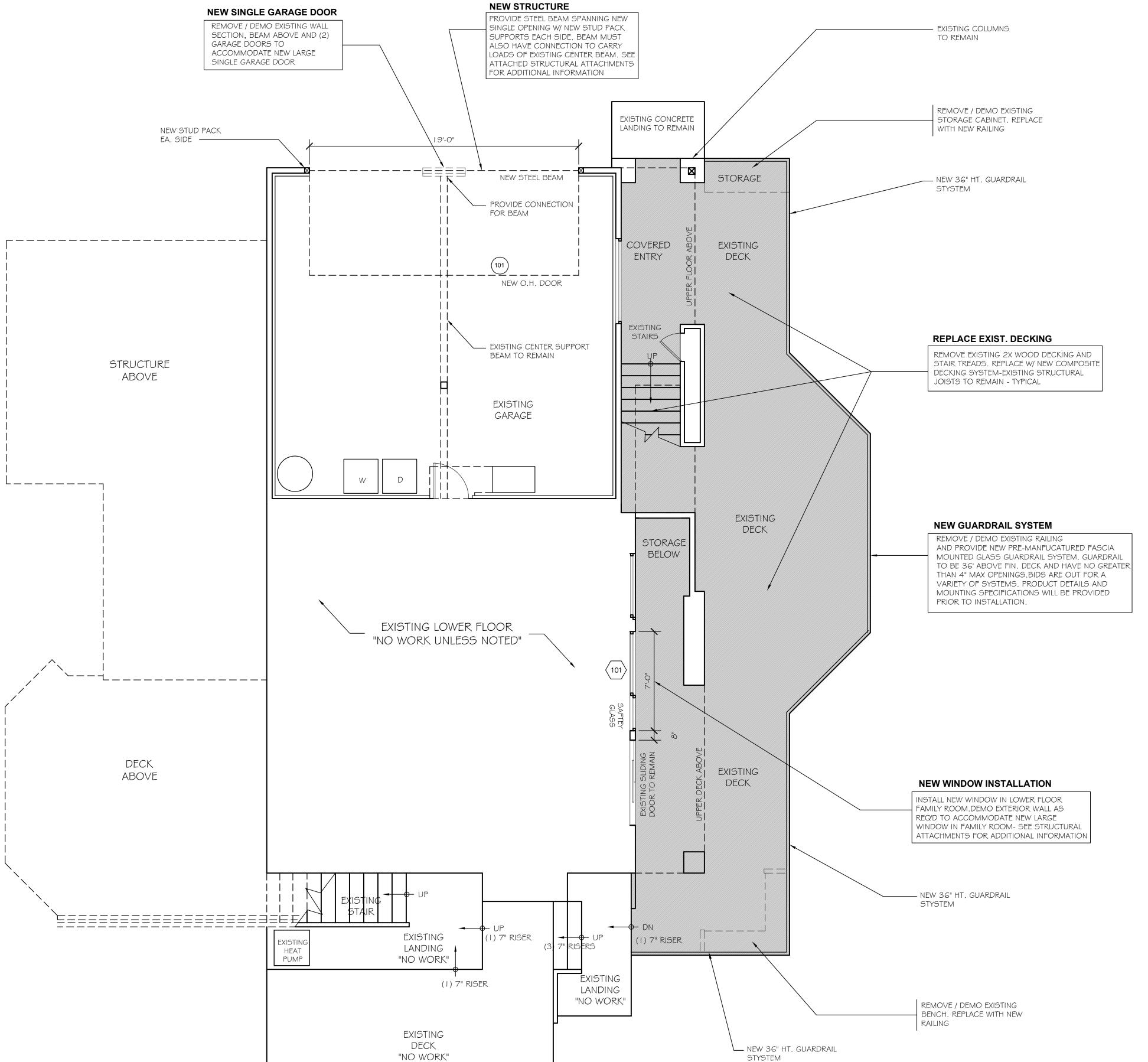
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1



WNDW NO.	ROOM NAME	R.O. SIZE W X H	MATERIAL	TYPE	OPERATION	NOTES	U-FACT
101	FAMILY ROOM	7 ⁰ × 4 ⁶	VINYL	A	OFFSET SLIDER	SAFETY GLAZING	.30 MIN
*VERIFY * SEE PL * SAFTE WINE	ALL R.O. (NEW /REPL ANS AND ELEVATIONS Y GLAZING TO BE PRO OW TYPE 2'-6"	W LIDER WINDOW WINDOW			NOINGE 1		

MATERIAL

*DOOR SIZES ABOVE REFLECT APPROXIMATE R.O. (ROUGH OPENINGS). WINDOWS TO BE SIZED ACCORDINGLY

*VERIFY ALL R.O. (NEW /REPLACED) FOR DOOR SIZE PRIOR TO ORDERING / MANUFACTURING

ANODIZED ALUMINUM /GLASS

	9'-0" /ERIFY	+		
			_	
		"0-17	VERIFY	
		-17	>	

PROPOSED WORK (NEW GUARDRAIL / DECKING)

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
LOWER DECK- PROPOSED NEW GUARDRAILS AND DECKING	721 SF
UPPER ENTRY STEPS / LANDING- PROPOSED NEW GUARDRAILS AND DECKING	60 FT
UPPER LIVING ROOM DECK- PROPOSED NEW GUARDRAILS AND DECKING	93 FT
TOTAL	874 SF

EXISTING SQUARE FOOTAGE

TYPE OPERATION

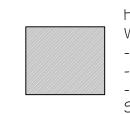
A OVERHEAD DOOR

NOTES

SAFETY GLAZING

U-FACTOR

EXISTING LOWER FLOOR	776 FT
EXISTING UPPER FLOOR	1864 FT
TOTAL	2640 FT
EXISTING GARAGE	583 FT
EXISTING LOWER DECK	1029 FT
EXISTING UPPER DECK (FRONT)	93 FT
EXISTING UPPER DECK (REAR)	303 FT



LOWER FLOOR

R.O. SIZE W X H

19° X 7°

DOOR NO. ROOM NAME

101 GARAGE

HATCH REPRESENTS PROPOSED AREA OF PROPOSED
WORK WORK AS FOLLOWS:
-REPLACE EXISTING DECKING W/ NEW COMPOSITE DECKING SYSTEM
-REPLACE EXISTING GUARDRAIL W/ NEW METAL / GLASS RAILING SYSTEM
-REPLACE AND REPAIR ANY STRUCTURAL MEMBERS AS REQUIRED PER
STRUCTURAL ATTACHMENTS

PROPOSED LOWER FLOOR PLAN
Wai Residence

SCALE: 1/4"=1"-0"

SCALE



Wai F UPGRADES 7235 EAS MERCER I

DATE:

DESIGNED:

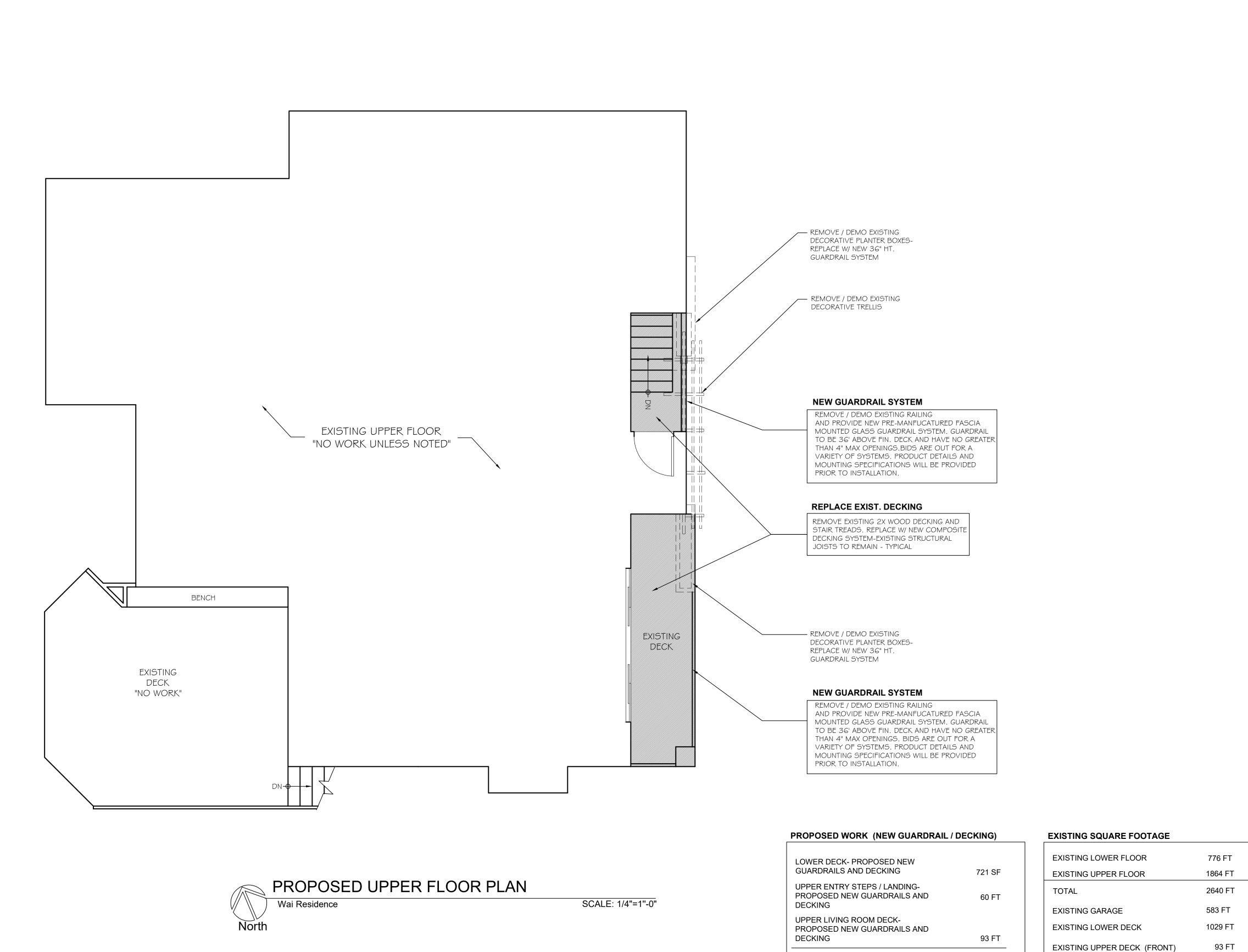
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SLS



TOTAL

HATCH REPRESENTS PROPOSED AREA OF PROPOSED WORK WORK AS FOLLOWS:

-REPLACE EXISTING DECKING W/ NEW COMPOSITE DECKING SYSTEM
-REPLACE EXISTING GUARDRAIL W/ NEW METAL / GLASS RAILING SYSTEM
-REPLACE AND REPAIR ANY STRUCTURAL MEMBERS AS REQUIRED PER
STRUCTURAL ATTACHMENTS

EXISTING UPPER DECK (REAR)

303 FT

874 SF

Structural Notes:

Applicable Codes and Standards:

2018 International Building Code (IBC) and other applicable local building codes. ASCE/SEI 7-16 - "Minimum Design Loads for Buildings and Other Structures" 2018 NDS for wood structures.

American Wood Preservers Bureau - AWPB Standards for Pressure Treated Material. American Concrete Institute - ACI 315, ACI 318, ACI 301, ACI 307.

Structural design shall be in accordance with the latest edition of above codes and standards. Contractor shall comply with the latest edition of all applicable codes and standards.

Special Inspections:

Special Inspections are required for:

Epoxy Grouted Anchor Bolt Installation

Design Loads:

Live load:

25 psf (snow) 40 psf (60 psf decks)

Basic wind speed 110 mph, exposure C, KzT=1.0

Building Category: Enclosed, Wind Important Factor Iw = 1.0 Refer to calculation page L1 for design wind forces.

Internal pressure 5 psf, Components and cladding design per 1609.6.4.4.1

Seismic loading per IBC Section 1613, Site Class D.

The basic structural type is a bearing wall system with light framed walls with shear panels. Rw = 6.5(wood structural panels), soil type D.

Seismic importance factor 1.0, Seismic Use Group I

Design and Analysis by Simplified Design Procedure

Peak Ground Accelerations (PGA) based on USGS Hazards Program, by lat/long.

 $PGA \ 1 sec = .502 \qquad PGA \ .2 sec = 1.453$

Seismic base shear = 0.149 * Dead Load

Foundations:

Soil parameters (assumed): Vertical allowable soil pressure: 1,500 psf

All soil conditions are to be field verified during construction. Footings shall bear on firm natural soils or on structural fill placed over firm natural soils, and inspected in place. Footings shall extend 18 inches minimum below adjacent exterior finished grade and shall extend 12 inches minimum below existing interior grade unless otherwise noted on plans. Structural fill shall be placed in 12-inch maximum horizontal lifts (loose thickness) and compacted to 90 percent of maximum dry density in accordance with ASTM D-1557. Imported structural fill shall be granular material containing no more than 5 percent fines, passing no. 200 sieve. Structural fill in place shall be tested by a licensed soil engineer or approved by the building inspector.

Drainage behind the concrete walls shall be provided conforming to the construction details.

Cast in Place Concrete:

footing horizontal bars with 2'-0" x 2'-0" corner bars of the same size at all corners and wall intersections. Minimum lap splice 48 bar diameters.

Concrete protection for reinforcement shall be:

1.5" (#5 & smaller) 2" (#6 & larger) Concrete exposed to earth or weather

Concrete cast against earth 0.75"

Bolts:

Anchor bolts shall conform to F1554. All other bolts shall conform to ASTM A307.

Minimum anchor bolt size and spacing shall be $\frac{1}{2}$ " diameter bolts @ 6' o.c. Shear wall anchor bolts per the

For cast-in-place anchors, provide 7" minimum embedment into the new concrete foundation. For retrofitted anchors, provide 5" minimum embedment into the existing concrete foundation. Epoxy grout

Provide 3"x3" square x 0.229" thick bolt washers where anchor bolts connect the sill plate to the concrete

Wood Framing Specifications:

All sill plates and other wood framing which is in contact with concrete or masonry must be preservativetreated in accordance with AWPA U1 and M4 standards. For anchor bolts connecting wood sill plates to concrete or masonry, provide galvanized steel washers and nuts on top of the sill, minimum washer size 3" x 3" x 1/4" thick.

Where toenails are used for stud wall construction, a minimum of (2) toenails at top and bottom of each stud shall be provided. Toenails shall be 16d nails driven at approximately a 45 degree angle, with a minimum of 1-1/2" of the nail shank shall be embedded in both the stud and the plate. End nails driven through the plate and into the stud end grain are not permitted. Simpson A34 clips at top and bottom of each stud are permitted where correct toenailing is not provided.

Wherever joists bear on a wall or beam, either a continuous rim joist or solid wood blocking must be provided. Blocking shall be connected to the joists with A35 angles at each end. Individual blocks may be omitted to allow for ducting or other openings. Consult with the engineer of record if more than 25% of the blocking is omitted.

Where a post aligns with a header on the floor below, provide full depth blocking through the floor framing and a full sized post above the header in the wall below

Unless noted otherwise, the following grades and species shall be used for structural lumber:

2x joists Hem-Fir #2

DF/L standard for plywood or WSP shear walls 2x, 3x, and 4x studs

Hem-Fir standard for other walls

4x and 6x beams DF-L #2

LVL 1.9E, Fb = 2600 psi, Fv = 285 psi (minimums) Microllam LVL lumber Parallam lumber 2.2 WS, Fb = 2900 psi, Fv = 290 psi (minimums) Glu-lam lumber 24F-V4 for simple span beams, 24F-V8 for cantilever beams

All framing connections shall be per Table 2304.10.1 of the IBC, unless otherwise noted.

Structural steel:

Shapes, ASTM A992, Fy=50 ksi.

Use E70xx electrodes for welding. All fillet welds shall be 3/16" or equal to minimum thickness of member being welded, whichever is greater, unless otherwise shown. All welding shall conform to the provisions of AWS and shall be performed by welders certified in accordance with AWS and WABO.

Unless noted with a field weld flag, all welds are to be completed in a WABO certified shop.

Preservative-Treated Wood and Fasteners:

All wood in contact with concrete or masonry shall be preservative-treated, in accordance with AWPA U1 and M4 standards.

All fasteners installed in preservative-treated wood shall be hotdipped zinc-coated galvanized with a minimum coating weight complying with ASTM A 153.

Fasteners other than nails and timber rivets are permitted to be mechanically deposited zinc-coated with coating weights complying with ASTM B 695, Class 55 minimum. Plain carbon steel fasteners in wood preservated-treated with SBX/DOT or zinc borate are not required to be galvanized.

Plywood Thickness, Grade, and Nailing:

Install plywood sheets with face grain perpendicular to framing. Stagger joints in adjacent sheets. If not otherwise noted, use nailing schedule, Table 2304.6.1 of the IBC.

Metal Framing Connectors:

<u>Unless otherwise noted:</u> Metal framing connectors shall be manufactured by the Simpson company, or approved equal. Unless noted otherwise, use U-series joist hangers to match joist size (e.g., U210 for 2x10 joist). Provide H1 or H2.5 hurricane ties, or other connectors with similar capacity, at every roof joist or truss, and H6 or H7 at ends of roof beams and girder trusses. Where supported by wood posts, wood beams shall be connected to the tops of the posts using Simpson AC, PCZ or EPCZ post caps, and to the bottoms of the posts bearing on wood framing using Simpson AC connectors or A35 clips. Where supported by perpendicular beams, wood beams shall be connected by HU-series face mount beam hangers. Provide Simpson AB or PB post bases to connect posts to concrete foundations. Unless otherwise specified, the maximum number of nails or screws should always be installed on any connector.

Hold Down Notes:

Convention for showing shear walls and hold downs: Shear walls are shown on the framing plan for the floor above. (For example, first floor shear walls will be shown on the second floor framing plan, and the shear walls for the topmost floor will be shown on the roof framing plan.) Hold downs are located at the bottom of that shear wall, and connect the end of the shear wall to wall framing or a structural beam located in the floor below the shear wall. Contact the engineer of record for clarification if needed.

Hold downs for each floor must be continuously connected to hold downs on the floor below (or to other intermediate wood framing where so indicated), until they are finally connected to the concrete foundation.

Hold downs shall be installed so as to be as far apart as is reasonable. Hold downs may be located on either the near side or the far side of the post or double stud to which they are attached. In no case shall a hold down bolt be located farther than 6" from the end of the shear wall, except with prior written approval of the engineer. Refer to the latest edition of the Simpson Catalog for details.

Where multiple studs are called out at a hold down, nail studs together with (2) 16d nails at 8" o.c. or 1/4" x 3" Simpson SDS Screws at 12" o.c.

Where a hold down post lands on a rim joist, provide full depth vertically oriented blocking under the

Rod Hold Downs:

denotes a Simpson HDU(2,4,5,8,or 11)-SDS2.5 hold down. For hold down bolts at existing concrete foundations, use the following bolts:

For HDU2,4,5: 5/8" diameter A307 threaded steel rod may be used, which shall be epoxy grouted into a 3/4" diameter hole with a minimum embedment of 10". See Retrofit HDU Typical Detail.

Special Note:

All holes for hold down bolts which are installed into existing foundations must be inspected during the installation of the hold down. Either the building inspector, the structural engineer of record, or the special inspection agency must perform the inspection and approve it before the bolts may be epoxy grouted into the holes. The epoxy grout used must be Simpson SET-XP unless otherwise noted by the engineer of record.

For drilled holes into existing concrete, no less than 2" must be provided between the edge of the hole and the face of concrete. The Engineer of Record or Special Inspector must witness the installation of hold down bolts, including cleaning the holes with compressed air and a wire brush before the anchor is installed. The hole shall be filled with enough epoxy that when the anchor is inserted, the epoxy rises to the top of the concrete. Care shall be taken that no air bubbles persist in the epoxy.

The contractor must verify that the existing foundation stem wall is uncracked and continuous, and is sound and in good condition, within 5 feet of any retrofitted shear wall or hold down, in any direction, except with prior written approval of the engineer. The existing concrete foundation stem wall shall be at least 6" thick and 2'-6" in height. The concrete shall be of good quality, hard and uniform, with appropriate aggregate type, size and distribution, and with no visible rock pockets or other similar deficiencies.

Any existing cracks located within 10' of any hold down must be completely filled with an appropriate epoxy based concrete repair product. The product to be used shall be approved in writing by the engineer prior to filling the cracks.

Contact the engineer of record prior to proceeding if any of these requirements are not met, or if the installation of the hold downs results in any visible damage to the existing foundation.



SHEAR WALL SCHEDULE

(Lumber for shear walls is HF#2 or better, unless otherwise noted.)

Nailing Field Nailing Size/Spacing Plate Nailing Plates

For shear wall callouts on the Structural Framing Plans: SW x (y') denotes a shear wall type "x" with a

• At the roof or top level of any shear wall, "A35 spacing", and all other relevant connector specifications, apply to assemblies at both the top

• Where a shear wall terminates above the foundation level (no shear wall below), provide minimum 4x blocking or double joist framing (as

Shear wall nailing shall be common or galvanized box nails, unless lag screws are noted. Galvanized nails shall be hot dipped or tumbled.

Lag screw plate connectors shall penetrate 3.5" minimum, and plates or beams receiving lag screws shall have a minimum width of 3.5".

• Where hold downs are specified, the shear wall bolt shall be located within 6 inches of the end of the shear wall, unless otherwise approved

Diaphragm Schedule

• Rim joists at exterior walls shall be continuous for tension. At rim joist splice locations, provide (2) CS16 horizontal straps, minimum 24"

• Where roof or floor framing is cantilevered over an exterior wall below, provide solid blocking with Diaphragm edge nailing between joists.

• This is the minimum required diaphragm construction. Where otherwise noted on the plans, additional blocking or nailing may be required.

Edge Nailing Field Nailing

(Lumber for diaphragm construction is HF#2 or better, unless otherwise noted.)

Edge Blocking

applicable) below the shear wall."&" Plate nailing per this schedule shall be nailed into this blocking at the bottom of the shear wall.

• Provide floor diaphragm edge nailing per diaphragm schedule through floor plywood into blocking, parallel joist framing, or top plates

Edge

minimum length of "y" feet. See Exterior Shear Wall Typical Detail.

• "WSP" refers to "Wood Structural Panel", either plywood or other wood materials.

and bottom of the shear wall. At lower levels, apply to the bottom of the wall only.

• Provide 3x_ plates, and 4x_ rim joists, minimum, where lag screws are specified for plate nailing.

• Provide 4x or double 2x framing where A35 angles are used on both sides of one piece of wood.

• Shear wall nails shall be placed no closer than 3/8" from a panel edge or perpendicular face of stud.

by the engineer of record. Minimum end studs shall be as specified in the most recent Simpson catalog.

•Retrofit anchor bolts shall have a minimum embedment of 5" into the concrete foundation.

• Where Roof ventilation is required over a shear wall, see roof ventilation detail.

• "WSP" refers to "Wood Structural Panel", either plywood or other wood materials.

• Cast in place anchor bolts shall have a minimum embedment of 7" into the concrete foundation.

15/32" CDX 24/0 8d @ 6" o.c. 8d @ 12" o.c.

23/32" CDX 48/24 8d @ 6" o.c. 8d @ 12" o.c.

• Shear wall edge nailing through shear wall sheathing shall be provided into all studs attached to a hold down.

• Provide double stud minimum at both ends of all shear walls.

Maximum spacing between nails shall not exceed 12".

• Plate nails shall be nailed into a solid wood rim joist.

Material

15/32" WSP

one side

(whichever applies) of all shear walls.

Type

A35

Spacing

Shear

Capacity

230 plf

Remarks

Minimum Standard

Minimum Standard

Services 98115

eattle 0 onsulting 6311 17t

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Revisions:

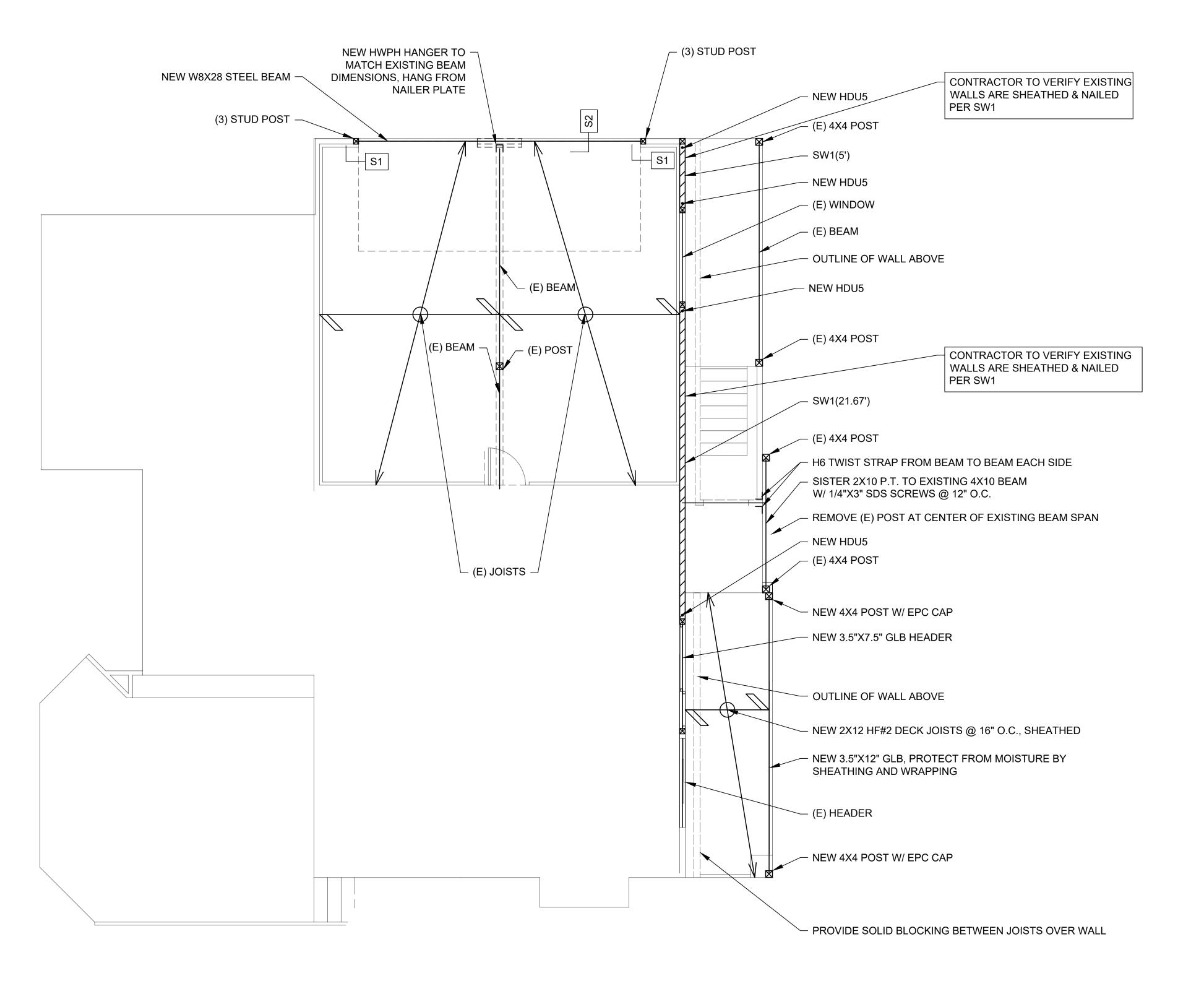
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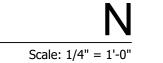
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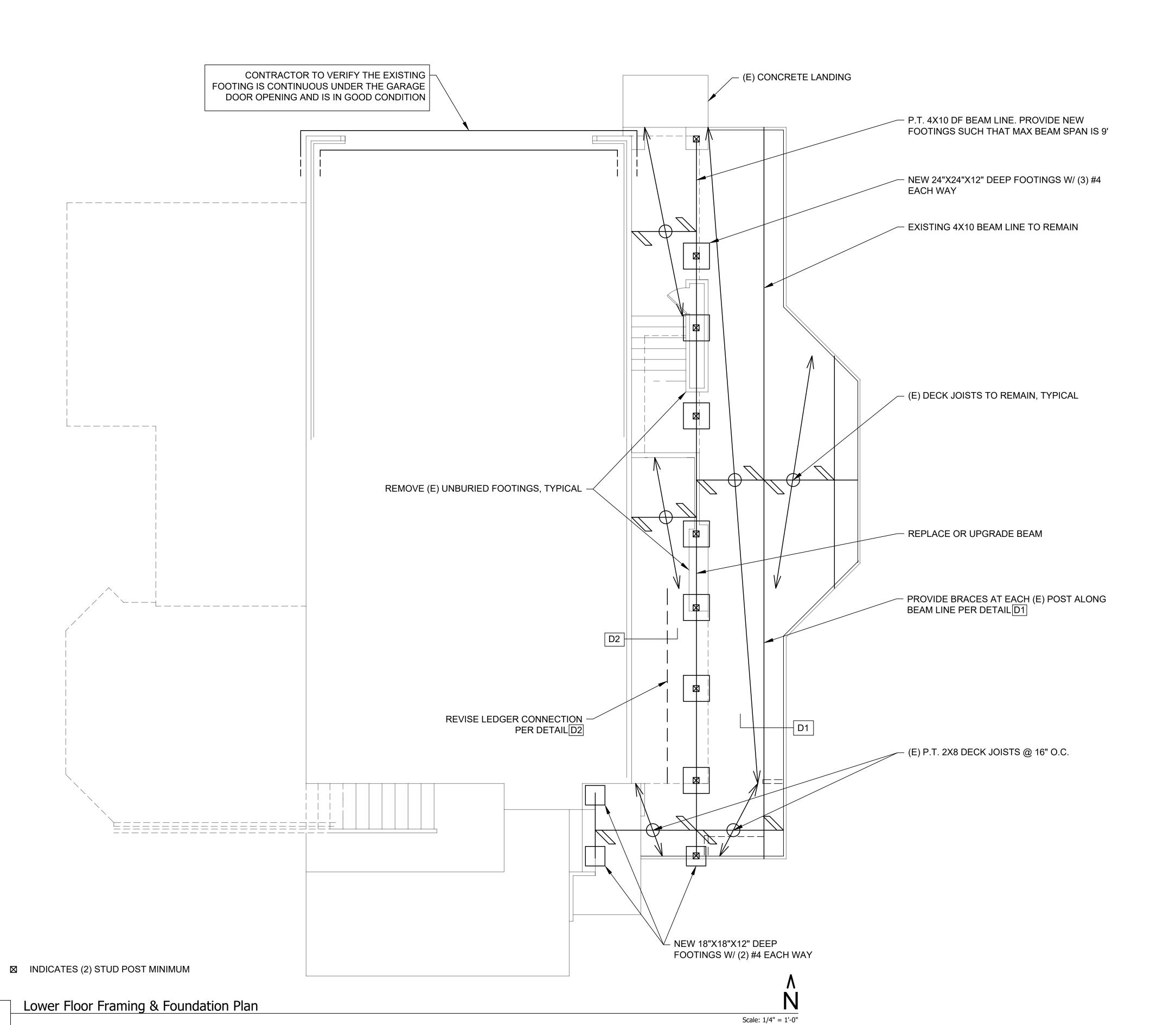
S-1



☑ INDICATES (2) STUD POST MINIMUM

Upper Floor Framing & Lower Floor Wall Plan





Consulting Structural Engineering Services 6311 17th Ave NE, Seattle, WA 98115
Phone: 206-527-1288
Email: john@cses-engineering.com

Wai Residence 7235 East Mercer Way Mercer Island, WA 98040

Revisions:

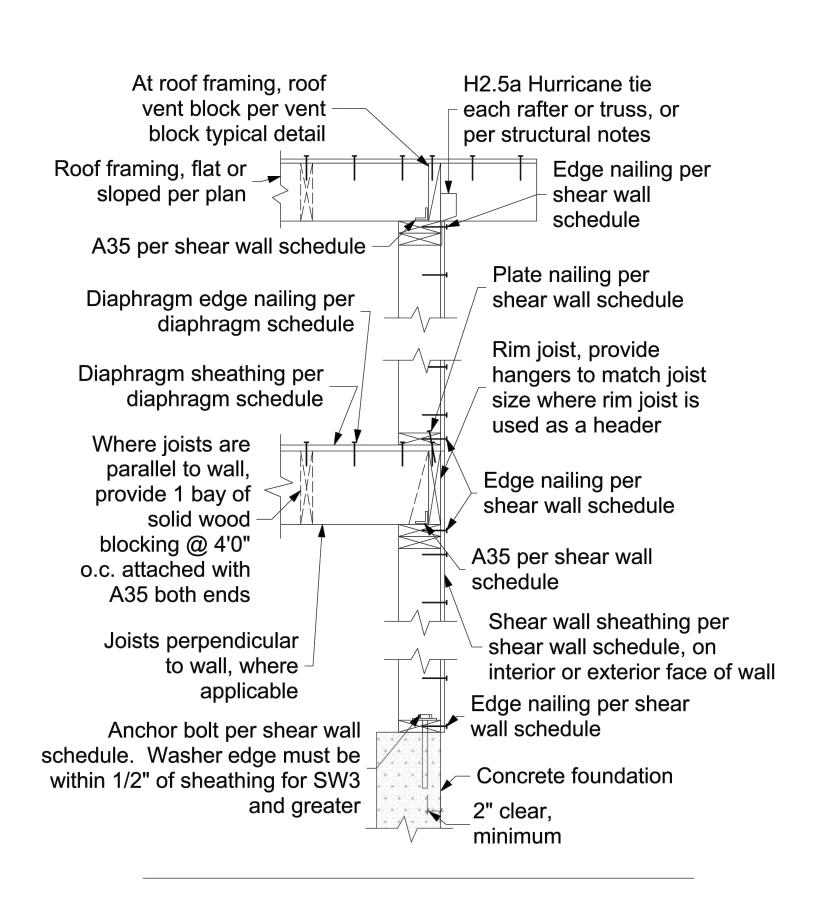
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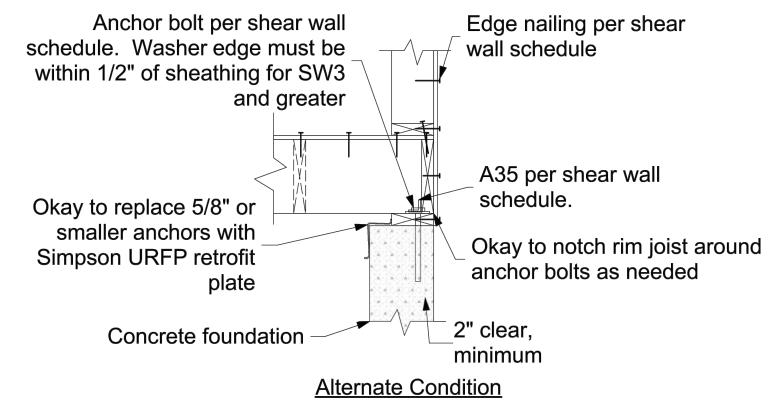
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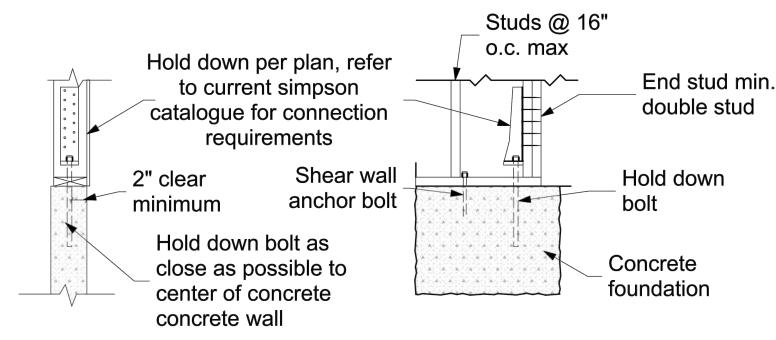
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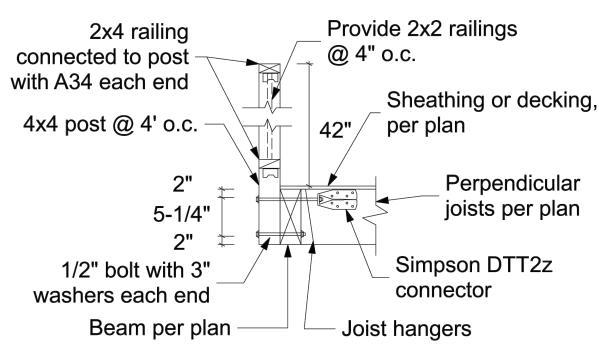




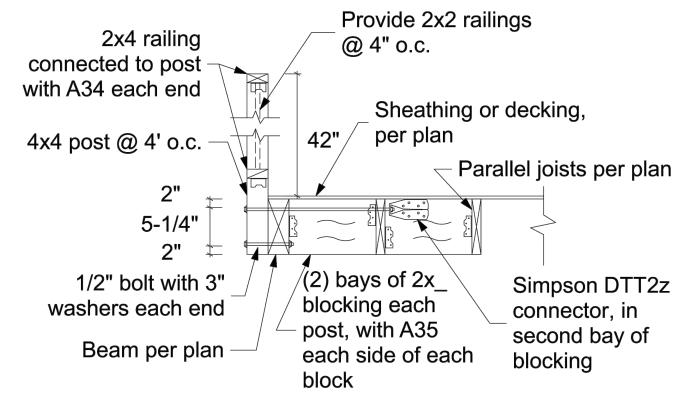
Exterior Shear Wall Typical Detail



Retrofit HDU Typical Detail 3/4" = 1'-0"

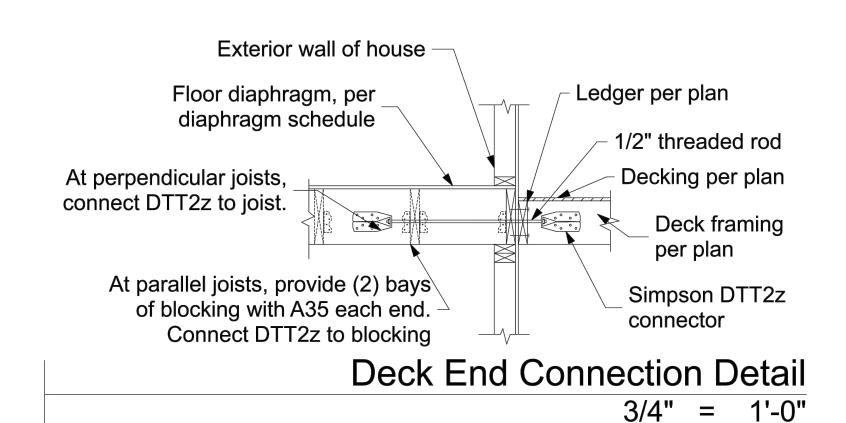


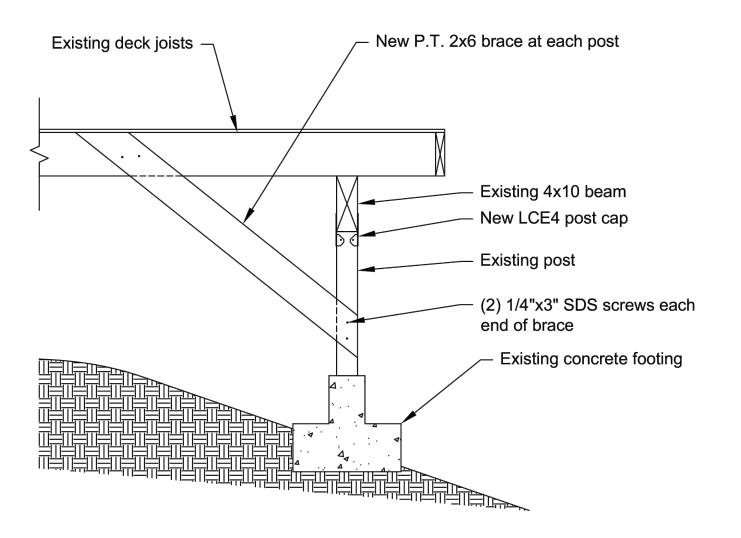
Railing at Perpendicular Joists



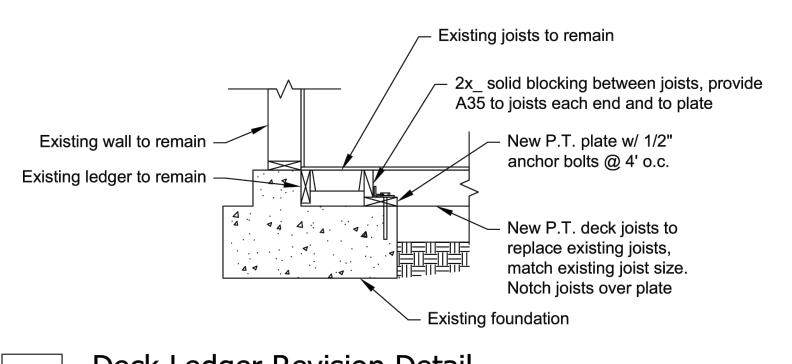
Railing at Parallel Joists

Deck Railing Typical Detail 3/4" = 1'-0"









Deck Ledger Revision Detail

3/4" = 1'-0"

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